Miami-Dade County Public Schools



Subject: **EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE**

PURPOSE

The purpose of this procedure is to ensure proper maintenance of food service equipment.

PROCEDURE

The day-to-day care and use of the food service equipment is the responsibility of the food service manager and his/her staff. The food service manager is responsible for training staff members on proper use and care. All equipment utilized should be cleaned on a <u>daily</u> basis. A <u>thorough</u> cleaning should be conducted at the end of each work week. Employees must utilize approved cleaning compounds provided by the awarded sanitation company and/or cleaning supplies approved through the Department of Food and Nutrition.

Staff who are properly trained on care of equipment will not only prolong the life of equipment but will save down time and money on maintenance calls.

The following cleaning guidelines are provided in detail to ensure that all equipment is maintained properly, and sanitation procedures are followed. Additional information may also be found in the Cleaning Procedures Manual provided in the current cleaning supply/sanitation vendor.

Water Hoses

- 1. Under no circumstances should a water hose be utilized to clean or rinse any piece of electrically powered equipment within the food service area.
- 2. Water from misuse of hoses and buckets is not only a very serious safety hazard, but also causes thousands of dollars in repair costs.
- 3. Please remember commercial equipment <u>is not designed</u> to be immersed or flooded with water. In the event water build up does occur on electrical equipment, shelving units or under shelf of worktables, please wipe down with a clean dry cloth.
- 4. Water should not be allowed to puddle and remain on equipment or floors over night. This practice will cause equipment to rust and promotes insects and pests.
- 5. All equipment manuals from manufactures state "DO NOT USE A HOSE TO CLEAN EQUIPMENT".

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Floors

1. Floors should be swept first to remove debris and mopped on a daily basis using clean mops and approved cleaning products according to product direction. Floors should be cleaned using the two-bucket procedure as follows:

Two-Bucket Procedure

- a. Fill one bucket with water and a second bucket with water and cleaning product (follow instructions on product label).
- b. Immerse mop in cleaning solution, remove mop from cleaning solution, place in a-bucket and wring out mop to remove excess water; proceed with mopping floor.
- **c.** Rinse mop in bucket of clean water; agitate the mop to remove dirt; wring out mop.
- d. Repeat steps 2 and 3 until assigned area is finished.
- e. Replace water in rinse bucket once it becomes dirty.
- 2. The mop should never be returned from the dirty floor into the detergent solution without first being rinsed in the clean water bucket.
- Water from mop bucket should never be thrown on the floor in an effort to rinse the floor area. Excessive water left on floors causes damage to the floor structure and promotes insects and pests.
- 4. According to Department of Health regulations, soiled water from cleaning floors must be disposed of in a can wash area or janitorial sink.

Refrigerators/Freezers, Reach-in, Roll-in or Roll-thru

- 1. Spills should be cleaned up as quickly as possible.
- 2. Inside of units should be wiped cleaned daily.
- 3. Clean outside, front, sides, handles, hinges, wheels and/or legs on a weekly basis unless daily cleaning is necessary. Utilize approved cleaning products with a clean cloth, wipe with clean, damp cloth water and dry with a clean towel. Failure to dry properly may cause water stains or streaking on stainless steel. Manufactures also suggest a mixture of baking soda and warm water or warm water and vinegar for more difficult build-up.

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- 4. Never use harsh detergents/chemicals or scouring powders when cleaning units. Never use a hose to clean or rinse out any component of a reach-in unit.
- 5. Door gaskets should be cleaned weekly with a clean damp cloth using approved cleaning solution.
- 6. Do not leave doors open for excessive amounts of time. Open doors only when necessary and remove all items needed at one time. Each time doors are opened; cold air is lost which requires the motor to work harder to replace the cold air.

Walk-In Cooler/Freezer

- 1. Spills should be cleaned up as quickly as possible with approved cleaning products or mild soap and water. Never use chlorine or abrasive cleaners on interior or exterior of walk-in.
- Clean outside front handles and hinges on a weekly basis unless daily cleaning is necessary. Use approved cleaning products with a clean cloth and dry with a clean dry towel.
- 3. The floor of walk-in should be swept and cleaned with a clean damp mop using approved cleaning solution. Remove cleaning solution using a clean damp mop.
- 4. Door sweeps, and gaskets should also be cleaned on a routine basis with a mild cleaner and clean damp cloth then dried with a clean dry towel.
- 5. Under no circumstances should the inside of the walk-in be cleaned or rinsed with a water hose.
- 6. Food stored in the freezer should be maintained at 0° or below. Therefore, spills should not occur. However, in the event a spill occurs due to equipment malfunction, food should be handled according to Food and Nutrition Procedures C-10 and C-12 interior of freezer cleaned in the same manner as the refrigerator.

Heated Roll-Thru/Pass-Thru Units

- 1. Spills should be cleaned as quickly as possible.
- 2. Let hot cabinet cool down before wiping with a clean cloth and water containing approved cleaning solution.

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- 3. Never use strong detergents or gritty abrasive cleaners or cleaners containing chlorine, which may promote corrosion of stainless steel.
- 4. Never splash controls, heating elements, interior or exterior with water or use a water hose to clean or rinse out units.
- 5. For stubborn odor and/or spills the manufacture recommends the use of baking soda and water (mix 1 tablespoon baking soda to 1 pint water).
- 6. Dry the unit inside and out to avoid streaking or water spots.
- 7. Door gaskets should be wiped on a weekly basis with a clean damp cloth without chemicals.

Steam Kettles, Stationary/Tilting – (gas or electric)

- 1. Kettles must be cleaned after every use.
- 2. Prepare a warm water and mild approved cleaner solution in kettle.
- 3. Remove food deposits inside kettle using a nylon brush. Do not use a metal bristle brush or metal scraper to remove food as this may permanently damage the kettle's stainless steel surface.
- 4. To loosen stubborn food, allow to soak at a low temperature setting.
- 5. Open draw-off valve to drain the wash water.
- 6. See Attachment A for diagram on how to disassemble draw-off valve.
- 7. To clean the draw-off valve, remove the drain screen from bottom of kettle. Wash and rinse screen with mild cleaner in sink.
- 8. Disassemble draw-off valve by turning valve knob counter-clockwise. In sink, wash the valve stem, hex nut and knob with a nylon brush and rinse. Clean and rinse inside of valve body.
- 9. Reassemble draw off valve.
- 10. Failure to properly clean the draw-off valve will allow for bacteria to grow and contaminate freshly prepared foods.

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- 11. Rinse kettle interior and drain rinse water. Never leave water in kettle when not in use.
- 12. To clean exterior, allow kettle to cool and using same mild cleaners wipe outside and dry with a clean towel.
- 13. Never use a hose or splash water on any component of a kettle.

Steamer, Two-Compartment or Countertop Steamer

- 1. Turn unit off and open compartment doors to cool prior to cleaning.
- 2. On a daily basis, wipe compartment interior, exterior, door gaskets with mild cleaner and water. Use a clean damp cloth to remove cleaner and a clean cloth to dry unit.
- 3. In order to prolong the life of the door gasket, the manufacture suggests leaving compartment door(s) open when not in use.
- 4. Do not allow water to run into electrical controls. Never use a hose to wash or rinse a steamer.
- 5. Units should be descaled per manufacturer's recommendation.

Convection Ovens, Single/Double Compartment (gas or electric)

- 1. Turn oven off to cool.
- 2. Daily, wipe out inside, door, top handle, legs and sides with approved cleaner. Use a clean damp cloth to remove cleaner and a clean cloth to dry unit.
- 3. Remove racks and soak in a solution of ammonia and water on a weekly basis.
- 4. Do not allow water to run into electrical controls.

Mixer (all sizes)

- 1. Mixer must be in locked/off position or unplugged.
- 2. Mixer should be thoroughly cleaned daily when in use.
- 3. Wipe down base with a clean damp cloth using approved cleaners.

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- 4. All attachments must be cleaned after each use.
- 5. Wipe area inside splash guard and wire cage, saddle shaft and legs with approved cleaner.
- Do not allow water to run into electrical controls and never use a water hose or splash water on a mixer.

Beverage Coolers (all sizes)

- 1. Beverage coolers should be cleaned on a daily basis.
- 2. Empty beverages from coolers and place under refrigeration.
- 3. Turn beverage cooler off and unplug.
- 4. On a daily basis, clean interior and exterior with mild approved cleaner and warm water. Wipe with a damp cloth to remove cleaner. If a stronger cleaning is needed, the manufacture suggests a mixture of ammonia and water.
- 5. Never use a hose inside or outside to clean or rinse out a beverage cooler.
- 6. Never use sharp objects to remove frost or ice as this will cause the loss of Freon.
- 7. Wipe gaskets with a clean damp cloth.
- 8. Never use abrasive cleaners.
- 9. The condenser coils should be cleaned by maintenance on a routine basis.
- 10. Make sure dust and debris is not swept into condenser area.
- 11. In the event heavy ice build-up occurs, turn unit off to defrost, clean and start-up again.

Electric Can Openers

- 1. The electric can opener must be cleaned every day it is in use.
- 2. If the rotary knife is not properly cleaned and free of residue, the unit will not cut evenly and it will quickly become dull.

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- 3. Refer to Attachment B for the diagram on how to dismantle the knife holder, knife, shield and gear.
 - a. Rotate the knife holder latch <u>clockwise</u> (turn towards right).
 - b. Slide the knife holder towards the right.
 - c. Rotate the knife holder <u>counter/clockwise</u> and pull upward to remove.
 - d. Remove the knife with a light twist and pull off to separate from knife holder.
 - e. To remove gear and shield, rotate the shield ¼ turn clockwise and pull off.
- 4. Once all four parts are removed, use a brush and approved cleaning solution to clean any build up of residue. Dry with a clean towel and re-assemble once the body of the can opener has been cleaned and sanitized.
- 5. The knife must be kept free of nicks and should be replaced periodically to assure proper operation.
- 6. Improper maintenance of knife blade can cause metal slivers in food when cans are opened.
- 7. Never operate the electric can opener if the shield is damaged or not in place. This can cause food particles to enter inside the can opener causing bacteria to grow if not properly cleaned.

Manual Can Opener

- 1. The manual can opener must be cleaned every day it is in use.
- Remove all food and can opening residues from the drive gear, the drive gear cavity, and knife using a hard bristle brush and approved cleaning product. Dry thoroughly with a clean cloth. See diagram on <u>Attachment C</u>.
- 3. Clean shank and base of can opener with approved cleaning product. Dry with clean cloth and spray with sanitizer.
- 4. Whenever knife is not in use, coat knife with a light layer of vegetable oil to prevent rusting.

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Electric Slicer (See Attachment D for diagram)

- 1. The slicer knife is very sharp (use extreme caution when working near knife). As an added safety measure, please use cut-resistant gloves during the cleaning process.
- 2. Turn off slicer and unplug power cord.
- 3. Slicer must be cleaned after every use.
- 4. Turn slicer thickness dial completely clockwise to closed position.
- 5. Remove the food chute and lift knife sharpener cover by holding the knobs on the knife cover, pull up on the top spring-loaded knob and lift upward to remove.
- 6. Clean knife sharpener cover with a clean damp cloth and approved cleaner. Dry with a clean cloth. Replace the knife cover by aligning the notches at the bottom of the knife cover with the knobs located at the bottom of the knife ring guard. The slicer will not operate unless the knife cover is in place.
- 7. Using a clean damp cloth with approved cleaner, <u>carefully</u> insert the cloth between the knife and knife ring guard working the cloth along the entire backside of knife. A <u>nylon</u> brush may be used in lieu of cloth to clean knife ring guard.
- 8. <u>Carefully</u> wash the top and bottom of the knife with a clean damp cloth and approved cleaner by wiping from the center of the knife outward. Dry with a clean cloth and spray with sanitizer.
- 9. Clean and wipe down the entire slicer using a clean cloth and approved cleaning solution.
- 10. Never hose down or pour water on any part of the slicer.

For any items not listed or for further clarification, refer to the cleaning manual provided by the current cleaning supply/sanitation vendor. Concerns may also be addressed with the service person during their visit to service the food service area.

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For Action By: Principals, Food Service Managers, Satellite Assistants

Refer Questions to: Department of Food and Nutrition

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